

Community Chronic Care for Elderly regarding Thai-Buddhism and Islamic context

THE Development of Conaporative-

Thanakamon Leesri, Tatree Bosittipichet and Yutthakran Chinasote,

Presented by.. Dr.Thanakamon Leesri
Institute of Nursing, Suranaree University of Technology,
Nakorn Ratchasima, Thailand

Key words: Collaborative-Community Chronic Care, Elderly, Thai- Buddhism and Islamic

Tel 668-1162-6699 Line ID: iampencil Mail Address: thanakamon@sut.ac.th



Background and Significant

- **Aging population is continuing increase worldwide.**
- Thailand also arise this situation and countenance many effects.
- Non-communicable disease [NCDs], its complications, high cost of treatment and sufferings.
- In Thai-Buddhism and Islamic community, many sensitive factors influenced effective care for elderly people.



Objective:

This study aimed to develop the proper chronically care for Thai- Buddhism and Islamic elderly people in community setting.





Definition of Terms:

- Collaborative Community Care
- Elderly
- Thai Buddhism-Islamic Community







Mutual-Collaborative Action Research integrated with Transcultural Care was provided to guide this

study.

Focus group interview

In-depth interview

Participatory observation

Mixed Methods was used to analyze information that included qualitative and quantitative data gathering.



Process Development



Community -cultural assessing



Reflec ting Collabora tive Planning

tive monitorin g and evaluatin

ollabo

tollabor ative implemen



Result:

- Nearly 80% of elderly persons are Muslim and also diagnosed with chronic diseases included Hypertension, Hyperlipidemia, Coronary vascular disease, Diabetes and etc.
- Religion social norms and culture contribute to risk behaviors as well as trigger their complications.

Aging health conditions



Results:

Four phases of community care were developed among Thai- Buddhism and Islamic citizen as follow:





- Both of Thai- Buddhism and Islamic elderly persons require desirable support from local government in community need assessment part;
- Collaborative community care plan should be integrated with dai Muslim elderly;

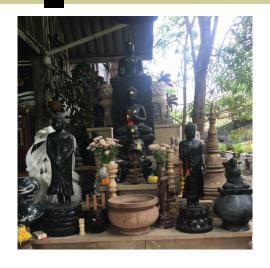


- Every local community intervention should be absorb in Thai- Buddhism and Islamic elderly persons lifestyle; and
- Continue monitoring and evaluating should be develop in the whole processes.





Factors related:











Factors related:







Results:









Conclusion:

- Local and Religion norms are important factors yielded Thai- Buddhism and Islamic elderly persons in community.
- Religion leaders are significant stakeholders especially for Islam context.





Conclusion:

Community health worker or health care personal should understand every local and religion norms for conducting the sustained management.





Thank You for Your Attention